



**Government of the Virgin Islands
of the United States of America
Department of Licensing and Consumer Affairs**

www.dlca.vi.gov

Golden Rock Shopping Center
3000 Estate Golden Rock, Suite 9
St. Croix, VI 00820-4311
Telephone: 340.713.3522

Administrative Complex
"The Battery"
St. John, VI 00830
Telephone: 340.727.3303

Property & Procurement Building
8201 Subbase, Suite 1
St. Thomas, VI 00802-5826
Telephone: 340.714.3522

**H. Nathalie Hodge
Commissioner**

**Testimony Before the
36th Legislature of the Virgin Islands**

**Hon. Avery L. Lewis, Chair
Committee on Government Operations, Veterans Affairs, and Consumer Protection**

February 24, 2025

Serving Businesses & Assisting, Educating and Protecting Consumers"

1 Good Morning Chairman Lewis, Honorable Senators, Distinguished Members of
2 the 36th Legislature, and the Listening and Viewing Audience. I am Deputy Commissioner
3 Myrna George and I am joined by Matthew Padgett, the Director of Consumer Affairs and
4 General Counsel, Geraldine P. Vaval. Thank you for the opportunity to appear before you
5 today on behalf of the Department of Licensing and Consumer Affairs (DLCA) and
6 Commissioner H. Nathalie Hodge to provide a comprehensive update on the state of
7 DLCA's ability to provide an update on programs that prevent fraudulent, deceptive and
8 unfair business practices and information to help consumers spot, stop and avoid scams
9 and fraud. Specifically, we will focus on fuel price surveys, the frequency of grocery store
10 price analyses and results, and the status of capital projects. As the agency tasked with
11 protecting the interests of consumers and ensuring fair business practices across the U.S.
12 Virgin Islands, our department remains steadfast in its commitment to enforcing consumer
13 protection laws and providing essential services that promote transparency and
14 accountability in the marketplace.

15 Today, I will outline the consumer protection services that DLCA provides to the
16 public and discuss how these efforts contribute to fair commerce and promote consumer
17 confidence throughout our territory.

18

19 **DLCA's Services for Promoting Fair Business Practices and Consumer Protection**
20 **Consumer Complaint Resolution and Mediation Services**

21 One of the core functions of DLCA is to serve as an intermediary between
22 consumers and businesses when disputes arise. Our Consumer Affairs Division handles
23 complaints relating to deceptive business practices, price gouging (during declared

24 emergencies and price freeze orders), contract disputes, and other unfair trade practices.
25 Through mediation services provided by our small, but talented and experienced team of
26 Consumer Protection Investigators, we work to resolve conflicts in a fair and timely
27 manner, ensuring that consumers receive appropriate redress while fostering a cooperative
28 relationship with businesses.

29 Over the past year, DLCA has successfully resolved, or forwarded to the
30 appropriate agency, approximately 320 citizen complaints across the territory. In addition
31 to individual case resolutions, we proactively investigate industry-wide concerns regarding
32 business practices and take appropriate regulatory action or make public notifications when
33 necessary.

34

35 **Enforcement of Consumer Protection Laws**

36 DLCA enforces a variety of laws aimed at safeguarding consumer rights. These
37 include, but are not limited to:

38 **1. The Consumer Protection Law.** The Consumer Protection Law serves as a
39 safeguard against unfair and deceptive trade practices that could mislead or harm
40 consumers. It establishes guidelines to ensure businesses operate with transparency
41 and integrity, preventing fraudulent claims, false advertising, and
42 misrepresentations about products or services. Through enforcement actions,
43 consumer education, and legal interventions, DLCA actively identifies and
44 addresses violations. By holding businesses accountable for deceptive practices,
45 this law fosters a fair marketplace where consumers can make informed purchasing
46 decisions with confidence.

47 **2. The Price Control Act.** The Price Control Act is a critical regulation designed to
48 prevent price gouging, particularly during emergencies such as hurricanes. It grants
49 DLCA the authority to monitor and regulate the prices of essential goods and
50 services, ensuring that businesses do not exploit consumers by imposing unjustified
51 price increases during times of crisis. This act covers necessities such as food, fuel,
52 medical supplies, and building materials, and protecting residents from financial
53 exploitation when access to essential products becomes limited. By enforcing price
54 controls and conducting market surveillance, DLCA upholds economic stability
55 and consumer protection during vulnerable periods.

56 **3. Monitoring for Unfair Business Practices.** The Unfair Business Practices Act is
57 designed to protect consumers from fraudulent activities, misrepresentation, and
58 contracts that impose unreasonable burdens. This law prohibits deceptive
59 marketing tactics, hidden fees, and unfair terms that businesses may use to take
60 advantage of customers. DLCA plays a vital role in enforcing these regulations by
61 investigating consumer complaints, by taking action against violators, and
62 promoting fair competition. Ensuring that businesses operate with integrity, this act
63 helps maintain consumer trust and prevents financial harm caused by unethical
64 business practices.

65 **4. Truth in Pricing Law.** The Truth in Pricing Law mandates that businesses provide
66 transparent pricing and uphold their advertised promotions. This regulation ensures
67 that consumers are not misled by hidden costs, unclear labelling, or false
68 advertising. Retailers must display accurate prices on shelves, menus, and
69 promotional materials, allowing consumers to make informed purchasing

70 decisions. DLCA enforces compliance by conducting inspections, reviewing
71 advertisements, and addressing consumer complaints regarding deceptive pricing
72 practices. This law is essential in promoting honesty in commerce and preventing
73 misleading sales tactics.

74 Through routine inspections, compliance audits, and investigative operations,
75 DLCA actively monitors the marketplace to detect and deter violations of consumer
76 protection laws. These enforcement actions help identify businesses engaging in fraudulent
77 practices, price manipulation, or non-compliance with regulatory standards. Regular
78 oversight ensures that businesses adhere to fair trade principles, fostering a competitive
79 and ethical economic environment. By taking proactive measures, DLCA not only
80 penalizes violators but also educates businesses and consumers about their rights and
81 responsibilities, strengthening overall consumer confidence in the market.

82

83 **Price Monitoring During Price Freezes and Emergency Preparedness**

84 The Department requires businesses to submit monthly price information on
85 essential goods, including fuel, food, and building materials, to name just a few, to ensure
86 fair pricing across the territory in the event of an emergency order and subsequent price
87 freeze. Once an emergency declaration is issued by the Governor in times of an
88 emergency—such as hurricanes, economic disruptions, or public health crises— DLCA
89 issues a price freeze order and plays a critical role in enforcing price control measures,
90 preventing unscrupulous price hikes or exporting necessary goods that are needed to aide

91 in recovery or response efforts. If this tedious, but necessary, function did not occur it could
92 result in the exploitation of vulnerable consumers and artificial supply shortages of.

93 By issuing consumer advisories and maintaining price control regulations during
94 times of disaster or economic uncertainty, our efforts help stabilize market conditions and
95 protect residents from financial exploitation during times of crisis.

96

97 **Consumer Education and Public Awareness**

98 Education is a fundamental pillar of consumer protection. Though, admittedly, our
99 staffing constraints have been a significant impediment to our ability to conduct these types
100 of community engagement activities as regularly as we'd like. Despite this, DLCA actively
101 engages with the public through outreach programs at local schools and assisted living
102 facilities, social media campaigns, and public service announcements to inform consumers
103 about their rights and responsibilities as often as possible.

104 The DLCA remains committed to empowering consumers, supporting businesses,
105 and protecting the public from fraudulent activities. Through community engagement,
106 educational initiatives, and strategic partnerships, the Department has worked diligently to
107 enhance consumer awareness, promote fair business practices, and provide essential
108 regulatory support. From public awareness campaigns to interactive webinars and
109 community fairs, these outreach activities have strengthened the Department's role in
110 ensuring transparency, accountability, and consumer protection throughout the Virgin
111 Islands.

112 Over the past two years, the Department of Licensing and Consumer Affairs has
113 actively engaged with the community through a variety of educational initiatives, consumer

114 protection efforts, and business support programs. From celebrating National Tape
115 Measure Day with interactive educational tours to participating in fraud prevention efforts
116 through webinars and public awareness campaigns, the Department has prioritized
117 empowering residents with valuable information. Collaborative efforts with AARP, FEMA,
118 the FTC, and local advocacy organizations have strengthened consumer awareness,
119 particularly in protecting seniors and disaster-affected communities. Additionally, the
120 Department played a vital role in events such as the 2023 Conference on Aging, World
121 Food Day, and National Consumer Protection Week, ensuring that consumers and business
122 owners alike are always equipped with the tools to safeguard their rights. The Department
123 also marked a milestone with its first-ever presence at Agrifest 2025, directly connecting
124 with the community to provide hands-on licensing and regulatory assistance. Currently, the
125 Department is actively planning its Consumer Protection Week 2025 (March 2–8) and
126 Older Americans Month (May 2025) outreach initiatives, aiming to provide valuable
127 consumer education and community engagement opportunities to empower and protect
128 residents across the Virgin Islands. Through these initiatives, the Department has
129 reaffirmed its commitment to consumer empowerment, fair business practices, and
130 regulatory excellence across the Virgin Islands.

131 One of the primary goals for this year is to be more engaging with the public, to
132 host workshops and town hall meetings that allow us to educate consumers on these very
133 important topics such as identifying fraudulent business practices, understanding
134 warranties, consumer contracts, and refund policies and the process for filing consumer
135 complaints and seeking legal recourse when necessary. By empowering consumers with

136 this knowledge, we will enhance their ability to make informed decisions and protect
137 themselves from unfair practices.

138

139 **Business Compliance and Licensing Regulations**

140 Consumer protection is intrinsically tied to business compliance. DLCA ensures
141 that all businesses operating in the U.S. Virgin Islands adhere to licensing and regulatory
142 requirements. Additionally, our Consumer Protection and Weights & Measures Divisions
143 conduct regular compliance checks to verify that businesses are following established laws
144 regarding product pricing, advertising, and contractual obligations. This creates a business
145 environment that is both fair and competitive while protecting consumers from
146 unscrupulous actors.

147

148 **Weights and Measures**

149 The Weights and Measures regulations under Title 12A of the U.S. Virgin Islands
150 Code serve as a fundamental consumer protection mechanism to ensure fairness, accuracy,
151 and transparency in commercial transactions. These laws establish standardized
152 measurement practices for goods sold by weight, volume, or count, safeguarding both
153 consumers and businesses from fraud, errors, or misrepresentation.

154 The law mandates that all weighing and measuring devices used in trade—such as
155 fuel pumps, grocery counter scales, and scales used for packaging labels, such as the scales
156 used in most deli or meat packing applications—must be calibrated and certified to provide
157 accurate readings. This prevents consumers from being overcharged due to faulty or
158 tampered with equipment. The law is particularly crucial in industries such as grocery and

159 fuel, where discrepancies in weight and volume measurements can have significant
160 financial and safety implications. For example, inaccurately measured fuel at gas stations
161 or produce at a grocery store can lead to substantial economic losses for consumers. By
162 using territory specific standards that can be traced back to the National Institute of
163 Standards and Technology, we ensure a consistent quantity, either volume or weight, is
164 being dispensed or sold no matter who is making a purchase or where the purchase is made.

165 In summary, the enforcement of standard weights and measures helps combat
166 fraudulent business practices, such as short weighting, where customers receive less
167 product than they paid for. Regular inspections by DLCA help detect and correct such
168 violations. Through routine inspections and compliance monitoring, the Division of
169 Weights & Measures conducts routine inspections of businesses and their
170 weighing/measuring devices to ensure compliance with Title 12A. Violators can face
171 penalties, fines, and corrective actions to prevent repeat offenses. These inspections serve
172 as a deterrent against fraudulent practices and should give consumers confidence that the
173 products they are purchasing by weight or volume are accurate to an acceptable degree and
174 consistent across every business under our jurisdiction.

175

176 **Clearing Up the Misconceptions**

177 It is important to clarify that while DLCA does enforce consumer protection laws,
178 its role is limited to regulatory enforcement related to licensed business compliance, and
179 fair-trade practices. DLCA's authority includes addressing consumer complaints related to
180 mispricing items, business malpractice, and regulatory violations, but it does not extend to
181 prosecuting criminal offenses such as fraud. The department remains committed to

182 ensuring a fair and transparent marketplace but does not possess the resources or mandate
183 to conduct criminal fraud investigations.

184 DLCA's Division of Consumer Protection does not conduct investigations or
185 provide advisement in cases involving fraud as fraud is classified as a criminal offense, and
186 complaints or reports concerning fraudulent activities fall outside of DLCA's limited
187 jurisdiction. Instead, complainants who wish to report fraud are directed to the appropriate
188 enforcement authorities, primarily the Federal Trade Commission (FTC) or, in some
189 instances, the White-Collar Crimes Unit of the Virgin Islands Police Department (VIPD).
190 This distinction is important, as DLCA's primary role focuses on regulatory oversight and
191 consumer protection within the framework of business compliance, rather than criminal
192 investigations.

193 When a consumer submits a complaint to DLCA that appears to involve fraudulent
194 activities—such as identity theft, credit card fraud, or any form of willful misrepresentation
195 aimed at securing unlawful gains, the Department refers the complainant to the FTC or
196 other local resources that have the jurisdiction and authority to investigate, pursue and
197 prosecute these criminal allegations. The FTC specializes in addressing fraud-related
198 consumer issues and has the authority to investigate deceptive trade practices on a federal
199 level. The FTC provides consumers with the necessary resources to report fraud, conduct
200 inquiries, and take appropriate legal actions against perpetrators. DLCA does not have
201 investigative authority or enforcement capabilities in these matters, making the FTC the
202 most appropriate agency to handle such cases.

203 In situations where fraud appears to have been committed within the Virgin Islands
204 and has a criminal element that requires local law enforcement intervention, complainants

205 are instead directed to the White-Collar Crimes Unit of the VIPD. This unit is equipped to
206 handle financial crimes, including embezzlement, wire fraud, and other forms of economic
207 deception that require forensic analysis and legal prosecution. Since fraud cases often
208 involve criminal intent and potential prosecution under Virgin Islands law, DLCA ensures
209 that these matters are promptly forwarded to the relevant law enforcement authorities for
210 further investigation.

211 In addition to clarifying DLCA's stance on fraud investigations, it is also necessary
212 to address public misconceptions regarding DLCA's role in price monitoring and market
213 analysis. While DLCA provides a "Shopping Basket" that reflects current pricing of goods
214 at a given time, it does not conduct a "Market Basket Survey" intended for long-term
215 economic analysis. The Shopping Basket is designed to offer consumers insight into the
216 cost of selected goods at specific points in time, but it is not structured for month-over-
217 month or year-over-year comparative analysis.

218 The purpose of the DLCA's Shopping Basket is to provide transparency in pricing
219 and to inform consumers of the cost of everyday essential goods at various retailers.
220 However, the items included in the Shopping Basket are rotated and changed regularly,
221 which means that the data collected does not allow for direct price comparison across
222 different time periods. This flexibility in selection is intentional, as it enables DLCA to
223 highlight a diverse range of consumer goods and ensure that pricing information remains
224 relevant to current market conditions.

225 For those seeking Consumer Price Index (CPI) information or a formal Market
226 Basket Survey that tracks economic trends over time, the Bureau of Economic Research
227 (BER) is the designated agency responsible for compiling such data. BER conducts

228 structured analyses that account for inflation, cost-of-living changes, and other economic
229 indicators that impact the financial well-being of consumers in the Virgin Islands. These
230 reports provide an official measurement of economic trends and are the appropriate
231 resource for individuals or organizations interested in understanding long-term pricing
232 fluctuations.

233 It is crucial for consumers and businesses alike to understand the distinction
234 between DLCA's Shopping Basket and BER's Market Basket Survey. While DLCA
235 remains committed to consumer advocacy and price transparency, its role does not extend
236 to producing long-term economic data or CPI reports. Misinterpretation of DLCA's
237 Shopping Basket as an economic indicator can lead to misunderstandings about price
238 trends and market stability. For precise statistical analysis and comprehensive price
239 comparisons, BER's data should be referenced.

240 DLCA remains committed to its mission of ensuring fair business practices,
241 consumer protection, and pricing transparency. However, its functions are clearly defined,
242 and any inquiries or concerns that fall outside its jurisdiction, including fraud investigations
243 and long-term economic analysis, are appropriately redirected to the relevant agencies.
244 Consumers who require assistance in these areas are strongly encouraged to contact the
245 appropriate authorities to obtain accurate information and proper resolutions.

246

247 **Status of Capital Projects and Upcoming Initiatives**

248 In addition to our enforcement and consumer protection initiatives, the DLCA
249 remains committed to improving its infrastructure and operational capabilities through
250 strategic capital projects and initiatives. These efforts are essential to enhancing service

251 delivery, increasing efficiency, and ensuring that our facilities and technology meet the
252 needs of our employees, businesses and consumers across the U.S. Virgin Islands.

253 **Facility Upgrades and Expansion** – DLCA is exploring opportunities to expand its
254 office footprint to improve operational efficiency and accommodate growing service
255 demands. The modernization of office spaces will support increased staffing needs and
256 facilitate more effective consumer engagement, particularly for the DLCA and the Office
257 of Cannabis Regulation (OCR) staff.

258 **Digital Transformation & IT Infrastructure Enhancement.** The DLCA recently
259 selected a vendor to redesign its website and implement an upgraded Business Licensing
260 Portal. This enhanced system will streamline application processing, improve turnaround
261 times, and expand the consumer complaint tracking system to provide real-time updates
262 and faster resolution of disputes.

263 **Food, Fuel, and Housing Study: Cost of Living Analysis.** As part of the Department
264 of Licensing and Consumer Affairs' (DLCA) commitment to consumer protection and
265 economic transparency, we are actively engaged in research efforts to analyze market
266 conditions affecting the affordability of essential goods and services. One such initiative is
267 the Food, Fuel, and Housing Cost Analysis, which aims to provide a comprehensive
268 assessment of cost trends in these critical areas.

269 A Food and Housing Cost Analysis began in the Virgin Islands in April 2017, but the
270 "First Report" lacked thoroughness due to the unavailability of certain data. Recently,
271 funding has been secured to resume the analysis, with a new performance period beginning
272 on December 31, 2024, and concluding on December 31, 2026.

273 This renewed analysis will not only focus on the cost of food and construction materials
274 but will also delve into the fuel price trends and costs of other essential goods and services
275 that impact the cost of living, such as labor and energy costs in the territory. By expanding
276 the scope and ensuring the availability of necessary data, the analysis aims to provide a
277 comprehensive understanding of the factors influencing the cost of living in the Virgin
278 Islands.

279

280 **Conclusion and Legislative Considerations**

281 I want to thank you for allowing our team to clear up these common
282 misunderstandings, by maintaining a clear distinction between its regulatory functions and
283 the responsibilities of other agencies, DLCA ensures that consumers receive accurate
284 guidance, and that fraud cases or economic research inquiries are handled by the
285 appropriate organizations. This approach helps prevent misinformation and ensures that
286 consumers can access the right resources for their specific needs.

287 I'd like to close with the following, we understand that effective consumer
288 protection is a shared responsibility, not only with the legislature and the executive
289 branches of government, but with every individual consumer throughout the Territory.
290 Whether you reside here or are here on business or leisure, we all share in the responsibility
291 of understanding our rights as consumers and reporting any activity that you feel may be
292 in violation of the laws of the US Virgin Islands. DLCA remains committed to working
293 alongside the Legislature to enhance our existing laws and improve enforcement
294 mechanisms. As we look ahead, we welcome discussions on strengthening consumer

295 protection policies, increasing funding for enforcement initiatives, and leveraging
296 technology to streamline complaint processing and market monitoring.

297 We appreciate the support of Governor Albert Bryan Jr., the Bryan/Roach
298 Administration and the Legislature in these efforts and stand ready to provide any
299 additional information necessary to advance consumer rights in the U.S. Virgin Islands.

300 Thank you for the opportunity to testify today. We are happy to answer any questions you
301 may have.