Air Analytical Report

Prepared For: Addison Christian

Project/Site:

Adcon Environmental, LLC #83 Estate Smithfield "The Mill" Frederiksted, VI 00840

(340) 713-1703

Woodson Jr. High School, STX

Eurofins AEML Batch: 476870



Authorized for release by:
Joshua Krinsky
Laboratory Technical Manager

Joshua Kinsly

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Table of Contents

Eurofins AEML Batch: 476870

Client: Addison Christian

Adcon Environmental, LLC #83 Estate Smithfield "The Mill" Frederiksted, VI 00840 (340) 713-1703

1. Cover Page	1
2. Table of Contents	2
3. Project Narrative	3
4. Sample Summary	4
5. Detection Summary	5
6. Client Sample Results	9
7. Chart	12
8. Definitions and Glossary	14
9. Fungal Glossary	16
10. References and Links	

Project Narrative

Eurofins AEML Batch: 476870

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(340) 713-1703

Project/Site: Woodson Jr. High School, STX

Receipt

The sample(s) contained in this report were collected on December 02, 2023 and received by Eurofins EPK Built Environment Testing, LLC - AEML (Eurofins AEML) on December 06, 2023. All samples were received in good condition unless otherwise noted in the results section of this report or on the accompanying Chain of Custody.

Sample Analysis

Analyses were performed in accordance to Eurofins AEML's Standard Operating Procedures and Quality Assurance Program. No deviations were made to these procedures unless noted in the results section of this report. Any additional information that the laboratory believes relevant will be noted as Data Qualifiers accompanying the sample results.

Quality Assurance

Eurofins AEML has developed and implemented policies and procedures that adhere to the General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories, ISO/IEC 17025:2017. These procedures have been reviewed by an independent outside organization and the laboratory has been accredited by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation for Biological Testing (A2LA Testing Cert #2572.01). Eurofins AEML is also licensed by the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation (Lab#1020). Eurofins AEML is an active participant in the AIHA EMPAT Proficiency Testing Program.

The laboratory is staffed by highly trained and experienced professionals. Eurofins AEML utilizes state of the art equipment that is of the most recent technology available for fungal spore identification and quantification. Eurofins AEML has the most up to date data systems available with capabilities to provide standard reports in hardcopy and electronic data deliverables.

Sample Summary

Eurofins AEML Batch: 476870

Client: Addison Christian

Adcon Environmental, LLC #83 Estate Smithfield "The Mill" Frederiksted, VI 00840

(340) 713-1703

Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Media	Collected	Received	
476870-01	5641516-Outside Air	Allergenco D	12/2/2023	12/6/2023	
476870-02	5641533-B110	Allergenco D	12/2/2023	12/6/2023	
476870-03	5641526-B111	Allergenco D	12/2/2023	12/6/2023	
476870-04	5641512-B112	Allergenco D	12/2/2023	12/6/2023	
476870-05	5641552-B113	Allergenco D	12/2/2023	12/6/2023	
476870-06	5641540-B114	Allergenco D	12/2/2023	12/6/2023	
476870-07	5641542-B115	Allergenco D	12/2/2023	12/6/2023	
476870-08	5641555-B116	Allergenco D	12/2/2023	12/6/2023	
476870-09	5641548-B121	Allergenco D	12/2/2023	12/6/2023	
476870-10	5641550-Main Office	Allergenco D	12/2/2023	12/6/2023	

Eurofins AEML Batch: 476870

Client: Addison Christian

Adcon Environmental, LLC #83 Estate Smithfield "The Mill"

Frederiksted, VI 00840 (340) 713-1703

Lab Sample ID	ID Client Sample ID Spore Type		Result / Count/m ³
470070.04	5641516-Outside Air	Altamania	02
476870-01	504 15 16-Outside Air	Alternaria	93
		Ascospores	293
		Aspergillus/Penicillium-Like	307
		Basidiospores	373
		Cladosporium	480
		Curvularia	40
		Fusarium	13
		Ganoderma	147
		Pithomyces	13
		Smut/Myxomyces/Periconia	93
		Spegazzinia	13
		Hyphal Fragments	27
		Pollen	13
476870-02	5641533-B110	Ascospores	27
		Aspergillus/Penicillium-Like	93
		Basidiospores	13
		Cladosporium	53
		Curvularia	53
		Ganoderma	13
		Nigrospora	13
		Smut/Myxomyces/Periconia	40
		Hyphal Fragments	13
476870-03	5641526-B111	Ascospores	53
	20220	Aspergillus/Penicillium-Like	507
		Basidiospores	27

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Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Spore Type	Result / Count/m ³
		Bipolaris/Dreschlera	40
		Cladosporium	93
		Curvularia	453
		Ganoderma	40
		Nigrospora	13
		Pithomyces	13
		Smut/Myxomyces/Periconia	80
		Torula	160
		Hyphal Fragments	133
476870-04	5641512-B112	Ascospores	13
		Aspergillus/Penicillium-Like	333
		Basidiospores	67
		Cladosporium	13
		Curvularia	27
		Ganoderma	13
		Pithomyces	13
		Smut/Myxomyces/Periconia	40
		Hyphal Fragments	13
		Pollen	13
476870-05	5641552-B113	Alternaria	13
		Ascospores	107
		Aspergillus/Penicillium-Like	240
		Basidiospores	67
		Cladosporium	53
		Curvularia	13
		Ganoderma	53

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Lab Sample ID	Client Sample ID	Spore Type	Result / Count/m ³
		Smut/Myxomyces/Periconia	80
		Hyphal Fragments	40
		Pollen	13
476870-06	5641540-B114	Ascospores	13
		Aspergillus/Penicillium-Like	187
		Basidiospores	40
		Cladosporium	40
		Ganoderma	27
		Smut/Myxomyces/Periconia	53
		Hyphal Fragments	13
476870-07	5641542-B115	Ascospores	80
		Aspergillus/Penicillium-Like	293
		Basidiospores	53
		Chaetomium	13
		Cladosporium	107
		Curvularia	40
		Ganoderma	27
		Smut/Myxomyces/Periconia	27
		Spegazzinia	13
476870-08	5641555-B116	Alternaria	67
		Ascospores	160
		Aspergillus/Penicillium-Like	107
		Basidiospores	80
		Cladosporium	120
		Curvularia	13
		Ganoderma	93

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Lab Sample ID	nple ID Client Sample ID Spore Type		Result / Count/m ³
		Smut/Myxomyces/Periconia	93
		Spegazzinia	13
		Hyphal Fragments	13
		Pollen	13
476870-09	5641548-B121	Ascospores	13
		Aspergillus/Penicillium-Like	760
		Basidiospores	27
		Chaetomium	13
		Cladosporium	120
		Ganoderma	13
		Nigrospora	13
		Smut/Myxomyces/Periconia	93
		Spegazzinia	13
		Hyphal Fragments	13
476870-10	5641550-Main Office	Ascospores	13
		Aspergillus/Penicillium-Like	267
		Basidiospores	40
		Cladosporium	80
		Curvularia	67
		Fusarium	13
		Ganoderma	27
		Smut/Myxomyces/Periconia	120
		Hyphal Fragments	13

Addison Christian Adcon Environmental, LLC #83 Estate Smithfield "The Mill" Frederiksted, VI 00840 (340) 713-1703



Built Environment Testing AEML

Eurofins EPK Built Environment Testing, LLC - AEML

601 E. Atlantic Blvd. Pompano Beach, FL 33060

Project: Woodson Jr. High School, STX

Batch: 476870

Sampled: 12/2/2023 Received: 12/6/2023 Analysis Date: 12/6/2023

AEML Test: A001 Spore Trap Analysis	Phone: (954) 333-8149			Phone: (954) 333-8149 Email: customerservice@aemlinc.com						Report Date: 12/6/2023		
Sample ID:	476	476870-01		476870-02			476870-03			476870-04		
Client Sample ID:	5641516	5641516-Outside Air		5641533-B110			5641526-B111			5641512-B112		
Volume Sampled (L):		75		75				75		75		
Media:	Allei	rgenco D		Allergenco D		Allergenco D			Allergenco D			
Percent of Trace Analyzed:	100% at 60	0X Magnification		100% at 600X Magnification 10		100% at 60	0X Magnification		100% at 60	0X Magnification		
Spore Types	Raw Count	Count/m³	%	Raw Count Count/m³ %		Raw Count	Count/m³	%	Raw Count	Count/m³	%	
Alternaria	7	93	5	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	

Percent of Trace Analyzed:	100% at 600	0X Magnification		100% at 60	0X Magnification		100% at 60	OX Magnification		100% at 60	0X Magnification	
Spore Types	Raw Count	Count/m³	%	Raw Count	Count/m³	%	Raw Count	Count/m³	%	Raw Count	Count/m³	%
Alternaria	7	93	5	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Arthrinium	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Ascospores	22	293	16	2	27	9	4	53	4	1	13	3
Aspergillus/Penicillium-Like	23	307	16	7	93	30	38	507	34	25	333	64
Basidiospores	28	373	20	1	13	4	2	27	2	5	67	13
Bipolaris/Dreschlera	_	_	_	_	_	_	3	40	3	_	_	_
Botrytis	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Chaetomium	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_
Cladosporium	36	480	26	4	53	17	7	93	6	1	13	3
Curvularia	3	40	2	4	53	17	34	453	31	2	27	5
Epicoccum	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_
Fusarium	1	13	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Ganoderma	11	147	8	1	13	4	3	40	3	1	13	3
Memnoniella	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_
Nigrospora	_	_	_	1	13	4	1	13	1	_	_	_
Oidium/Peronospora	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Pithomyces	1	13	1	_	_	_	1	13	1	1	13	3
Rust	_		_	_	_	_			_	_		
Smut/Myxomyces/Periconia	7	93	5	3	40	13	6	80	5	3	40	8
Spegazzinia	1	13	1	_	_	_			_	_	_	
Stachybotrys	_		_	_	_	-		1		_		
Torula	_	_	_	_	_	_	12	160	11	_	_	_
Ulocladium	_		_	_	_	-				_		
Unidentified Spores	_		_	_	_	-		1		_		_
Total Spores	140	1,867		23	307		111	1,480		39	520	
Hyphal Fragments	2	27		1	13		10	133		1	13	
Pollen	1	13		_	_		_	_		1	13	
Debris Rating		3			3			3			3	
Detection Limit		13			13			13			13	

Joshu Kinsty

Joshua Krinsky Laboratory Technical Manager



Addison Christian Adcon Environmental, LLC #83 Estate Smithfield "The Mill" Frederiksted,VI 00840 (340) 713-1703

AEML Test: A001 Spore Trap Analysis

Sample ID:



476870-05

Built Environment Testing AEML

476870-06

Eurofins EPK Built Environment Testing, LLC - AEML

601 E. Atlantic Blvd. Pompano Beach, FL 33060

Phone: (954) 333-8149 Email: customerservice@aemlinc.com

Project: Woodson Jr. High School, STX

476870-07

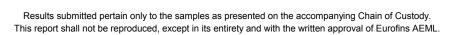
Batch: 476870 **Sampled**: 12/2/2023

Received: 12/6/2023 **Analysis Date:** 12/6/2023

Report Date: 12/6/2023 476870-08

Cample ID:	410010-03		410010-00		410010-01			470070-00				
Client Sample ID:	5641	552-B113		5641540-B114			5641542-B115			5641555-B116		
Volume Sampled (L):		75		75		75			75			
Media:		rgenco D			rgenco D			rgenco D		Allergenco D		
Percent of Trace Analyzed:	100% at 60	0X Magnification)	100% at 60	0X Magnification		100% at 60	0X Magnification		100% at 60	0X Magnification	1
Spore Types	Raw Count	Count/m³	%	Raw Count	Count/m³	%	Raw Count	Count/m³	%	Raw Count	Count/m³	%
Alternaria	1	13	2	_	_	-	_	_	-	5	67	9
Arthrinium			_	_		_		_	_	_	_	_
Ascospores	8	107	17	1	13	4	6	80	12	12	160	21
Aspergillus/Penicillium-Like	18	240	38	14	187	52	22	293	45	8	107	14
Basidiospores	5	67	11	3	40	11	4	53	8	6	80	11
Bipolaris/Dreschlera	_			_			_	_	_	_	_	
Botrytis	_		_	_		-	_	_	-	_	_	
Chaetomium		1		_			1	13	2	_	_	
Cladosporium	4	53	9	3	40	11	8	107	16	9	120	16
Curvularia	1	13	2	_			3	40	6	1	13	2
Epicoccum		_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Fusarium			_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	
Ganoderma	4	53	9	2	27	7	2	27	4	7	93	13
Memnoniella	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	
Nigrospora			_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	
Oidium/Peronospora	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	$\neg - $
Pithomyces		1		_			_	_	_	_	_	
Rust	_			_		-	_	_		_	_	
Smut/Myxomyces/Periconia	6	80	13	4	53	15	2	27	4	7	93	13
Spegazzinia	_			_			1	13	2	1	13	2
Stachybotrys	_		_	_		-	_	_	-	_	_	
Torula	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	
Ulocladium	_	_		_		-	_	_		_	_	
Unidentified Spores	_	1		_		-	_	_		_	_	
Total Spores	47	627		27	360		49	653		56	747	
Hyphal Fragments	3	40		1	13		_	_		1	13	
Pollen	1	13		_			_	_		1	13	
Debris Rating		3			3			3			3	
Detection Limit		13			13			13			13	





Addison Christian Adcon Environmental, LLC #83 Estate Smithfield "The Mill" Frederiksted,VI 00840 (340) 713-1703



Built Environment Testing

Eurofins EPK Built Environment Testing, LLC - AEML

601 E. Atlantic Blvd. Pompano Beach, FL 33060

Phone: (954) 333-8149 Email: customerservice@aemlinc.com

AEML Test: A001 Spore Trap Analysis

Sample ID:	476870-09	476870-10
Client Sample ID:	5641548-B121	5641550-Main Office
Volume Sampled (L):	75	75
Media:	Allergenco D	Allergenco D
Percent of Trace Analyzed:	100% at 600X Magnification	100% at 600X Magnification

Percent of Trace Analyzed:	100% at 600X Magnification			100% at 600X Magnification			
Spore Types	Raw Count	Count/m³	%	Raw Count	Count/m³	%	
Alternaria	_	_	_	_	_	T	
Arthrinium	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Ascospores	1	13	1	1	13	2	
Aspergillus/Penicillium-Like	57	760	71	20	267	43	
Basidiospores	2	27	3	3	40	6	
Bipolaris/Dreschlera	_	_	_	_	_	I	
Botrytis	_	_	_	_	_	I	
Chaetomium	1	13	1	_	_	I	
Cladosporium	9	120	11	6	80	13	
Curvularia	_	_	_	5	67	11	
Epicoccum	_	_	_	_	_		
Fusarium	_		_	1	13	2	
Ganoderma	1	13	1	2	27	4	
Memnoniella	_	_	_	_	_		
Nigrospora	1	13	1		_		
Oidium/Peronospora	_	1	_		_	_	
Pithomyces		1	_		_	_	
Rust	_		—		_		
Smut/Myxomyces/Periconia	7	93	9	9	120	19	
Spegazzinia	1	13	1		_	_	
Stachybotrys		1	_		_	_	
Torula		1	_		_	_	
Ulocladium			_		_	_	
Unidentified Spores		1	_		_	_	
Total Spores	80	1,067		47	627		
Hyphal Fragments	1	13		1	13		
Pollen	_	1		_	_		
Debris Rating		3			3		
Detection Limit		13			13		

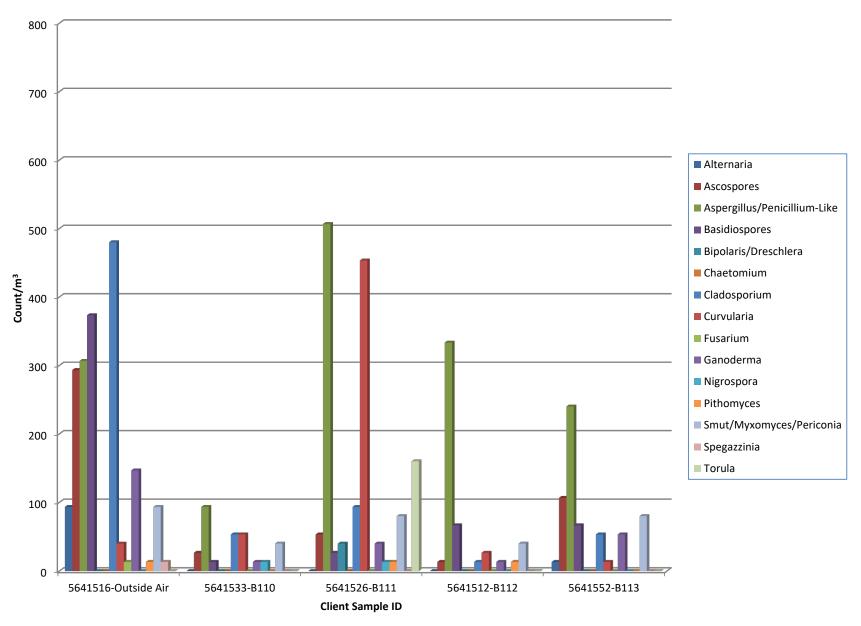
Project: Woodson Jr. High School, STX

Batch: 476870 Sampled: 12/2/2023

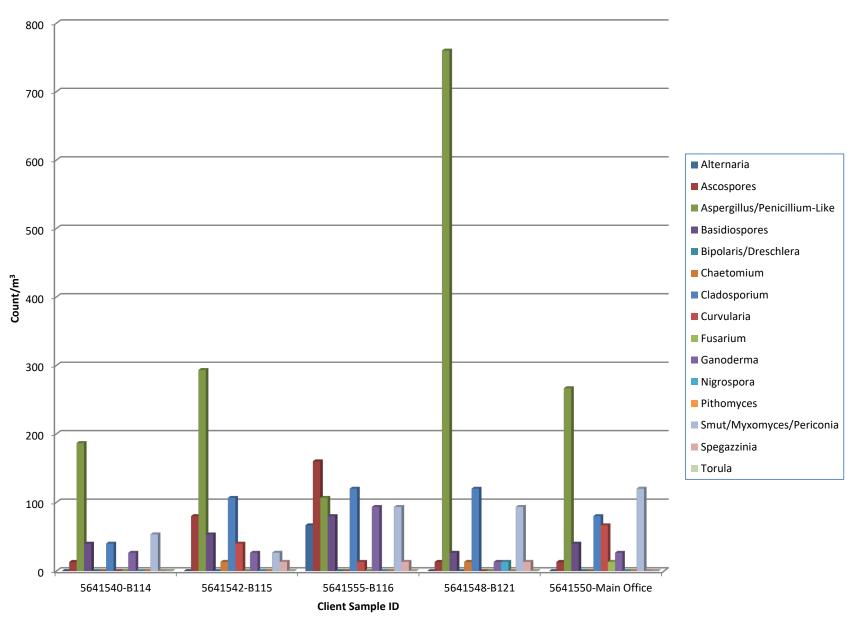
Received: 12/6/2023 **Analysis Date:** 12/6/2023

Report Date: 12/6/2023

Laboratory Technical Manager







Definitions and Glossary

Definitions

Mold - A fungus that grows in the form of multicellular filaments called hyphae. Molds cause biodegradation of natural materials, which is necessary in nature but can become unwanted when it causes food spoilage or damage to property. Some diseases of animals and humans can be caused by certain molds. These diseases may result from allergic sensitivity to mold spores, from growth of pathogenic molds within the body, or from the effects of ingested or inhaled toxic compounds (mycotoxins) produced by molds.

Fungi - A Kingdom composed of eukaryotic organisms that include unicellular microorganisms such as molds, yeasts, smuts, and mushrooms. Fungi receive nutrients by absorbing dissolved molecules and are referred to as nature's decomposers.

Spores - Produced by molds and fungi as units of reproduction that have adapted for dispersal. Spores can disperse through the air, by insects, animals, or humans and remain dormant on a surface for years until favorable conditions for growth occur.

Mycotoxin - A toxic secondary metabolite produced by mold. The term 'mycotoxin' is usually reserved for the toxic chemical products produced by fungi that readily colonize crops. One mold species may produce many different mycotoxins, and the same mycotoxin may be produced by several species.

Glossary

Sample ID - A unique internal identification assigned to the sample by the laboratory for traceability of the sample.

Client Sample ID - An identification given to the sample and provided to the laboratory by the person who collected the sample. This is typically the location the sample was collected.

Volume Sampled - The volume of air that was sampled displayed in liters. This is based on the flow rate of the sampling pump in Liters per minute and the time, in minutes, that the sample was collected.

Media - The device used for collection of the sample.

Percent of Trace Analyzed - The percent of the trace that was analyzed by the laboratory. When 100% of the trace is analyzed at 600X magnification, the entire impaction area of the sample is analyzed at a high level of magnification and provides the highest quality analysis.

Raw Count - Spore count present in the sample received by the laboratory.

Count/m³ - An extrapolated count of spores that would be present in a cubic meter of air. This calculation is based on the volume of air sampled and the raw count.

Definitions and Glossary

Glossary

Percent (%) - Percent composition of the sample. This is a breakdown of the percentage of the total spore count of the sample that each spore comprises.

Debris Rating - Background debris can interfere with the analyst's ability to analyze and accurately report the counts for each analyte. Therefore, a Debris Level system of 0-5 will be reported for each sample to aid clients in their interpretation of the data.

Debris Level: 0 - No non-microbial particulates were observed in the impaction area. Since most air samples contain at least some debris, this indicates that the sample is either a blank sample submitted to the lab as a control, that there was an error sampling, or that a defective spore trap cassette was used.

Debris Level: 1 - A minimal amount of background particulates are present. The background debris has no effect on the reported results.

Debris Level: 2 - Non-microbial particulates are covering up to 25% of the trace.

Debris Level: 3 - Non-microbial particulates are covering 26% to 75% of the trace.

Debris Level: 4 - Non-microbial particulates are covering 76% to 90% of the trace.

Debris Level: 5 - Non-microbial particulates are covering greater than 90% of the trace. An accurate count is not possible. A range of spores is reported based on the number of spores observed in and around the borders of the trace.

Debris Levels of 2, 3, or 4 contain background debris that could mask the presence of an analyte. The higher the level of debris, the greater the chance that this could occur.

Detection Limit - Also known as Method Detection Limit. This is the minimum number of spores that would need to be present in one cubic meter of air in order for one spore to be detected by this analysis. This calculation is based on the volume of air sampled and the percent of the trace analyzed.

Remediation

Remediation - The process correcting, or remedying, any issues in the building that were identified by a mold assessor. This may include cleaning or removing any contaminated material, as well as, identifying and correcting any conditions that may be favorable for mold growth.

Eurofins AEML makes no claims pertaining to the necessity of remediation. The results contained in this report should be used in conjunction with a physical inspection of the property to determine what, if any, actions are necessary.





Potential allergen.



Considered water damage indicator.



Alternaria	
Description	Characteristics
These are a common plant pathogen involved in the decomposition of plants. In the indoor environment they are found growing on a variety of substrates including sheetrock and other building materials. They are common allergens causing hay fever or hypersensitivity reactions.	

Arthrinium	
Description	Characteristics
These are a plant pathogen found in soil and decomposing plant material. Not typically found growing indoors. One species has been determined to be an allergen.	

Ascospores	
Description	Characteristics
These are a very large group of spores that are found everywhere in nature. They are commonly found outdoors and associated with rain and moisture. Some species grow well indoors on damp materials. Ascospores have allergenic potential, however, it is species dependent.	





Potential allergen.



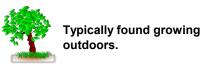
Considered water damage indicator.



Aspergillus/Penicillium-Like	
Description	Characteristics
These are two of the most common genera in the world. They can be found everywhere in nature, both indoors and outdoors. Indoors they can be found on water damaged wallpaper, carpet, and other organic materials. They can also grow well in conditions of high humidity. Many species are allergens and a common cause of respiratory irritation. Some species are human and animal pathogens and can cause infection.	

Basidiospores	
Description	Characteristics
These are primarily comprised of mushrooms and shelf fungi. They are typically found outdoors. Occasionally they are found indoors growing on any organic matter causing dry rot. Some species can be an allergen to sensitive individuals.	

Bipolaris/Dreschlera	
Description	Characteristics
These are a plant pathogen typically found outdoors on grasses, grains, and decaying food. Indoors they can be found on plants and building materials. They are an allergen that can affect the nose, skin, eyes and upper respiratory track.	





Potential allergen.



Considered water damage indicator.

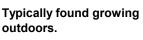


Botrytis	
Description	Characteristics
These are a plant pathogen typically found growing on vegetation particularly in temperate and subtropical climates. Indoors they can be found growing on plants. They are a potential allergen causing hay fever and asthma effects.	

Chaetomium	
Description	Characteristics
These are typically found indoors on water damaged cellulose containing materials such as paper, sheetrock, and wallpaper. Not well studied but possible allergen with hay fever and asthma effects.	

Cladosporium	
Description	Characteristics
One of the most common genera in both the indoor and outdoor environments. Indoors they grow well in damp environments and areas where condensation builds. They are often found on textiles, window sills, in bathrooms, and A/C systems. They are a common allergen when airborne.	2-25







Potential allergen.



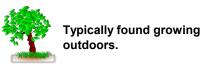
Considered water damage indicator.



Curvularia	
Description	Characteristics
Primarily found outdoors on plants and soil especially in subtropical and tropical environments. Indoors they grow on a variety of building materials. They are a common allergen causing hay fever, asthma, and allergic fungal sinusitis.	

Epicoccum	
Description	Characteristics
Outdoors they are found in the soil, air, and rotting vegetation. Indoors they grow well on a variety of building materials such as paper and textiles. They are a potential allergen with hay fever, asthma, and skin allergy effects.	

Fusarium	
Description	Characteristics
Indoors they are typically found under very wet conditions. Some places they can be found are dust in carpet and mattresses, damp walls, wallpaper, and duct liner. They are a potential allergen causing hay fever and asthma effects.	





Potential allergen.



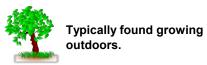
Considered water damage indicator.



Ganoderma	
Description	Characteristics
These are shelf mushrooms that are typically found growing outdoors on wood causing white rot, root rot, and stem rot. They are a possible allergen at high concentrations.	

Memnoniella	
Description	Characteristics
These are mycotoxin producing spores related to and often found in conjunction with Stachybotrys. These grow well on water damaged cellulose containing building materials such as sheetrock, paper, wallpaper, and textiles.	

Nigrospora	
Description	Characteristics
These are typically found on decaying plant material and soil and are usually not found growing indoors. They are a potential allergen causing hay fever and asthma effects.	







Considered water damage indicator.



Oidium/Peronospora	
Description	Characteristics
These are plant pathogens that are common obligate parasites on leaves, stems, flowers, and fruits of higher living plants.	

Pithomyces	
Description	Characteristics
These are typically found on dead leaves and stems of plants. Rarely found growing indoors; however, they grow well on paper indoors given the right conditions.	

Rust	
Description	Characteristics
These are parasitic plant pathogens that grow on plants, grass, and trees. They are rarely found growing indoors since they require a living host, and therefore typically not found on cellulose containing building materials. They are a potential allergen causing hay fever and asthma effects.	





Potential allergen.



Considered water damage indicator.



Smut/Myxomyces/Periconia	
Description	Characteristics
This is a grouping of several genera organized together in a general category that are mostly associated with living and decaying plants, wood, soil, grass, cereal crops, weeds, and flowering plants. These are rarely found growing indoors. They are a potential allergen causing hay fever and asthma effects.	

Stachybotrys	
Description	Characteristics
These are typically found indoors growing on water damaged cellulose containing building materials such as sheetrock, paper, and ceiling tiles. They are often referred to as "toxic black mold." They have the ability to produce mycotoxins which may cause a burning sensation in the mouth, throat, and nasal passages. Chronic exposure has been known to cause headaches, diarrhea, memory loss, and brain damage.	

Torula	
Description	Characteristics
These are typically found growing outdoors on leaves, roots, wood, and soil. Indoors they can be found growing on water damaged cellulose, paper, wicker, straw baskets and ceiling tiles. They are a potential allergen causing hay fever and asthma effects.	





Potential allergen.



Considered water damage indicator.



Ulocladium	
Description	Characteristics
Requires very wet conditions and can commonly be found indoors in damp or wet areas such as bathrooms, kitchens, basements, and around windows. These grow well on cellulose containing materials such as paper and straw and on water damaged building material such as sheetrock. They are a common allergen causing hay fever and asthma effects.	

Unidentified Spores	
Description	Characteristics
This is a grouping of spores that are unable to be categorized due to a variety of reasons. They may be weathered, disfigured, or otherwise lacking the morphological structures necessary to identify the genus.	

Hyphal Fragments	
Description	Characteristics
These are branched filamentous structures with cell walls. Hyphae are somewhat analogous to stems or roots in plants whereas the spores would be analogous to the seeds. Large quantities present may indicate an active fungal colony or active fungal growth in the structure.	



Typically found growing outdoors.



Potential allergen.



Considered water damage indicator.



Potential to produce mycotoxins.

Pollen	
Description	Characteristics
These are a fine to course powdery substance produced by the anthers of seed-bearing plants, trees, grasses, flowers, and weeds. They are an allergen that causes hay fever effects.	

The information provided in this report is not intended to provide medical advice. This report is designed to be used for building diagnostic purposes only. Any determination of exposure or potential for exposure should be formed using the results in this report in conjunction with a physical inspection of the property. A medical professional must be consulted for any medical or health related information.

References and Links

Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) - <u>www.epa.gov/mold/</u>

A Brief Guide to Mold, Moisture, and Your Home - www2.epa.gov/mold/brief-guide-mold-moisture-and-your-home

Should You Have the Air Ducts in Your Home Cleaned? - www2.epa.gov/indoor-air-quality-iag/should-you-have-air-ducts-your-home-cleaned

Flood Cleanup - Avoiding Indoor Air Quality Problems - www2.epa.gov/indoor-air-quality-iaq/flood-cleanup-protect-indoor-air-quality

Center for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) - www.cdc.gov/mold/

General Information - <u>www.cdc.gov/mold/basics.htm</u>

Cleanup and Remediation - www.cdc.gov/mold/cleanup.htm

Occupational Safety & Health Administration (OSHA) - <u>www.osha.gov/SLTC/molds</u>

American Academy of Allergy, Asthma & Immunology (AAAAI) - www.aaaai.org

Institute of Inspection, Cleaning and Restoration Certification (IICRC) - www.iicrc.org

Information and recommendations about mold can vary based on location and climate. More information can be found through your local state's and county's Indoor Air Quality programs. Links for your state's environmental agencies can be found through the EPA's website at:

http://www2.epa.gov/indoor-air-quality-iag/find-regional-and-state-indoor-air-quality-contact-information